





THE BRITISH COLONIST.  
Wednesday Morning, Oct 23 1867.  
TO ADVERTISERS.  
Transit Advertisements must be paid for in advance to insure insertion.  
TO AGENTS.  
Settlements of accounts will be required monthly, or the supply of papers will be discontinued. The daily and weekly issues will be furnished at the lowest rates, and no exception will be made in future to the rule.  
NANAIMO AGENCY.  
Mr H. W. Alexander is no longer authorized to act as Agent of this paper at Nanaimo. Our business at that place will in future be conducted by Messrs. D. L. V. who is a lone empowered to receive for subscriptions, &c.  
Our Pacific Coast—An Important Question.

We give place this morning to an able and interesting article on the subject of Confederation. It is taken from the *Albion*, the organ of the British residents in New York city. The article is positive in its tone. The demand for the immediate union of this Colony with the Eastern Provinces cannot be mistaken. The writer speaks pointedly of the dangers and complications that may arise if the matter be longer delayed, and alludes to the value of the Pacific coast to the New Dominion. The good work cannot be too speedily consummated. We must content ourselves to-day with the production of this article. Tomorrow we shall have something to say of the advantages which will flow from our political connection with the East.

It is not many weeks since we endeavored to draw the attention of the British Government, and also that of the New Dominion, to the necessity of immediate action in reference to the political, social, and commercial condition of the outlying Colonies on the Pacific Coast, and also to the unorganized intermediate territory lying between Canada and British Columbia. In fact, now that the Confederation of the Atlantic Province is actually established, the great question in reference to the future of British North America may be said to hinge almost entirely upon the disposition of the vast territory stretching westward from the boundary of present organized Dominion. Viewed from the other side of the Atlantic, this question may seem trivial, particularly as the destiny of so small a population is dependent upon the disposition of the Pacific slopes, and central valleys of British America; but from an American, or Canadian, standpoint, it is of importance. If the Dominion of Canada is to become—as we believe it is destined to do—a leading maritime power, it is absolutely necessary that the Pacific outlet should become a part of the Dominion for all time. And secondly, if Great Britain would not lose her footing on the Pacific, an outlet for the Dominion must be had in that direction, and that too without unnecessary delay.

Of course we do not credit any of the sensational rumours that are now going the rounds of the American press—although we see that "greenbacks" have had their effect, even in British Columbia itself; and that a Victoria paper has been induced to give currency to these false rumours, said to be "freely discussed in the various clubs of the British metropolis" in reference to the "cession of Vancouver Island and British Columbia to the United States"—but we do see most plainly the absolute necessity of immediate action in reference to the better development and government of these far-off dependencies. A London paper, professing to have special information on this head, asserts that "the British Government has notified the Governor of the Colony of British Columbia that one of the first measures which will be brought before the Canadian Parliament, on its meeting in October next, will be the extension of the Confederation to all the British North American territories." But what will it amount to, even supposing the Canadian Parliament does legislate these Western Colonies into the New Dominion, so long as there is no means of keeping up communication with them excepting by a voyage around nearly the whole of the North American continent? What is now wanted is, not legislation, but colonization and internal improvement and development, rendering the inhabitants prosperous and contented. Without this, legislation is worse than useless. These fertile countries must be opened up, utilized, and united to the Dominion by teeming highways, and this too without delay, or the Constitution of the new Dominion is not worth the paper it is written upon. Every inducement and seductive argument will be made use of promptly and persistently by the American press and people to induce these weak and desponding dependencies to change their allegiance, and unless there be something done, and done without delay, these dependencies will eventually prevail, and lead to serious trouble, if not actual collision, between the two governments interested. As to Great Britain even entertaining the idea of a cession of the Pacific slopes and harbors to the United States, the idea is simply absurd. Brother Jonathan has not "greenbacks" enough in his Treasury to buy even Vancouver's Island, let alone the golden wealth of British Columbia, with its admirable climate, and undeniable command of the Northern Pacific Ocean. At all events, when Great Britain consents to any such sacrifice of her best interests on this continent, we shall at once abandon all hopes of erecting a powerful and lasting kingdom on the British mainland in North America, and at once write down the new Dominion a complete and undoubted failure. In order to be come a nation, it must secure and keep beyond a contingency, access both to the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, and then with its vast internal resources, its lakes and rivers unsurpassed, its agricultural and mineral wealth, coupled with its sea-shore fisheries, and forest wealth in lumber and materials for ship-building and maritime enterprise and industry, it may then reasonably expect a great and even enviable future. In a word, we claim that, since the United States has actually bought a vast unproductive region on the Pacific simply for *Bankum* and the Great Britain in order to contract this diplomacy, and frustrate the sincere approaches of this speculative Government, should at once, even without a single year's delay, open up and unite, by safe and lasting highways, her scattered colonies, and help them to unite as one nation, and in one homogeneous compact to resist all the approaches and intrigues of their enterprising, but nationally unprincipled neighbor. The policy of this astute people is easily read, and with prompt and well-timed action, is quite as easily counteracted. *Ingenus telum nequitias.*

**Reciprocity with the United States.**  
The abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty with Canada by the United States was regarded as a deathblow to the hopes of the Confederacy. It was confidently predicted by leading statesmen in the United States Congress that with the close of the Treaty Canada would immediately gravitate towards the Union. The results have not justified the prediction. Canadian commerce was never in a more healthy state than now, and although the Canadians are not averse to a renewal of the Treaty, they are waiting patiently until the initiative shall have been taken by the only losers through its abrogation—the Americans. By the last mail we find the Philadelphia *North American* out in favor of the renewal of reciprocal trade relations. Overtures will doubtless be made during the coming winter by Congress to the Dominion, and unless British Columbia be meanwhile created an integral portion of the Confederacy, how can she hope to share in the benefits that may arise therefrom? The *North American* says: "Now that the northern territory is to some extent nationalized and naturally solicitous for doing more than it has done, there seems to be a favorable opportunity for renewing our amicable relations. There will be time enough to discuss what the nature of our relations should be when we have approached the subject a little nearer. It is enough now to intimate that the business of the country, and its finances as well, will be greatly improved by restoring some such intercourse as we originally had with the Northern Provinces."

**Our Paris Letter.**  
(Special Paris and Continental Correspondence.)  
PARIS, Aug. 30, 1867.  
A great sensation has been created this week. A letter has been written to *La France* by Mr. Cluseret, an American general, who says that the execution of Maximilian was an act of high policy required by circumstances. The situation he sums up in three words—*alea facta est*. "The head of Maximilian is to the new world what that of Louis XVI was to the old. The Bourbons fall forever in Europe. Monarchy has fallen forever in America; if Europe does not think so, let her try again; we are ready." I do not think Europe will try the job for a long time to come; she is not ready; and, to save the millions that were spent to transport troops from France to Mexico, she will wait until that American (whose name I do not remember, by the way,) has succeeded in his project. It seems that he has taken out in England a patent for an apparatus with which he intends crossing the ocean. It is a hamper in gutta percha, very thick, and in consequence very solid, somewhat adjusted to the figure, crossed by an iron spar closed at the bottom by a cannon ball of sufficient weight to maintain the hamper in a vertical position. The man introduces himself within and with the help of a breathing apparatus he can himself, if necessary, puff up his elastic envelope; a small space is reserved for food, which must be but in meat extracts which in a small volume contain a great proportion of nutritive principles. As to the water, the inventor pretends that he has found a chemical substance which renders sea water instantly drinkable. As means of locomotion, at the top of the iron spar is adapted a cringle destined to grapple a kite which with an ordinary wind can—the inventor says—make the apparatus sail from six to eight miles an hour. My next visit to the United States I will accomplish in that manner, but I assure you that I shall permit the enterprising inventor to go first.

After all the noise, all the *tapage* of the last 15th of August, Paris is very dull. The exhibition is coming to an end, and all our foreign and provincial visitors who staid to witness the magnificent and fairy-like sight exhibited at Paris on the Emperor's *fete*, have left us. Those who remain are poor devils like me, bound to their work and render slavish correspondence. What need is there of newspapers? could we not live without them? Why do people always want to put their noses into other's business? Can't we remain quiet, *chez nous*, with out taking any care for what such people have or are going to do or not? The lords of creation, as we boastfully call ourselves, are "queer fish and swim in troubled waters." If everybody was like me, that proprietor of the *London Times* could not have given a day's revenue of his paper to his daughter for her *cadeau de noce*, and her face would certainly have been worse than Miss Flora McFlimsy, who had nothing to wear.

All our royal guests are back to their respective countries; so no more balls, neither grand dinners nor *representation de gala*, which the Parisians like so much, because they paid for them and were allowed to witness them *de loin*, or to read their *compte rendu* in the morning's paper. No more regiments' passing the streets *tambour battant et banniere au vent*. Nothing but our exhibition with its battalion of infantry for visitors. And do you know how they came to be the *visiteurs ordinaires* of the exhibition? The Emperor asked the Commission Imperial how much they would ask a day to let a battalion of infantry visit the exhibition.

The Emperor thought the charge a little too much, and as the exhibition contains many valuable things which could be stolen, he ordered that a battalion of infantry should keep watch on them and keep safe the prospects of the exhibition. So every day a new battalion goes and is installed at the exhibition without paying a sou. It is very simple, as you see.

Our sole distraction now is after breakfast to go and have a look at the new Opera House—a look of spite and scorn, for a more ugly building was never seen in Paris before. It is true that it will cost forty-eight millions of francs (£1,600,000), and that it will be finished in two years to come. It is a square building, looking more like a depot than an Academy of Music, as is written on its front in large gold letters. When I am able to understand myself that conglomeration of material of all kinds—gold stones, marble, bronze of a thousand different colors, in tasteless opposition to each other, I will send you a detailed description of what should have been the pride of a city like Paris. At the other theatres nothing new—always the same series and the same sensation dramas that the managers are in the habit of digging out at this time of the year. The only novelty we have had for the last two months has been Mr Sothern's appearance in "Our American Cousin," assuming the character of Lord Dundreary. But he has, happily for us, left Paris after his great failure, notwithstanding what the English press calls his success.

Of all the English and American artists who appeared in Paris the only successful one has been Miss Menken. She has returned to Paris after having given a series of the most striking representations in Vienna. They say, and all Paris is glad of it, that she is engaged for two years at the Gaité Theatre, where she created such a sensation with her role of Loo, in the "Pirates de la Savane." We are assured that in the beginning of the winter season she will appear in a character expressly written for her by two of our dramatists. I never saw her play in English, but if she speaks her new French work with the same passion, fire and expression she throws into pantomime, no one doubts that she will achieve at once the first place amongst our best comedians. All our best theatrical critics have but one view on the subject.

**The Requirements for a Mayor.**

EDITOR COLONIST:—Before deciding which candidate for the mayoralty to support, it may not be unprofitable to call to mind what are the powers and duties of the office.  
The Mayor of a city is usually its chief magistrate, and he presides, and has the casting vote at the Municipal Council. Beyond this it is the duty of the Mayor by every means in his power to protect and advance the interests of the borough; and by precept and example to encourage order and morality. It usually devolves on the Mayor and Corporation to receive and entertain distinguished visitors to the city. In view of this and to meet other expenses attending the position, there are in most cases certain funds at the disposal of the Mayor. The Lord Mayor of London for instance has perquisites of the value of some forty thousand dollars a year, whereas he is enabled to entertain the Corporation, their friends and guests right royally.

To fill these requirements of the office it is necessary that the incumbent should be of sound judgement, honorable and impartial as a magistrate and president of the Council. To ensure diligence on behalf of the interests of the borough he should have a material interest therein, and as an example to his fellow citizens his private life should be without reproach.  
There is nothing new in what I have written, and I should not ask you to insert it, but you have invited discussion on the subject of the approaching election; and some of your correspondents seem possessed of an idea that a Mayor's first duty is to provide cocktails for all-comers, and that he who will do this to the greatest extent is the man for Victoria.

A. CITIZEN.

**The Signers of Dr. Trimble's Requisition.**

EDITOR COLONIST:—I, with others, was induced to sign Dr. Trimble's requisition upon the faith of a statement made to me that Mr Franklin had withdrawn. Since signing the paper I have read Mr Franklin's card, and am satisfied that the statement that he had withdrawn was made without his authority. Now, sir, were I to record my vote for Mr Macdonald, would I be guilty of a breach of faith to Dr Trimble?  
Yours,  
S.  
[Under the circumstances, we should say that if you vote for Dr Trimble's opponent you would not be guilty of a breach of faith.—ED. COLONIST.]

**New Advertisements.**  
In the Court of Bankruptcy, Vancouver Island, B.C.  
IN THE MATTER OF GEORGE BALLS, a bankrupt. His Lordship the Chief Justice has appointed Wednesday, the 30th day of October instant, at 11 o'clock forenoon, when the above Bankrupt is to surrender himself, at the Court House, James' Bay, for his last examination and with leave to apply for his discharge.  
Dated the 22nd day of October, A.D. 1867.  
JOHN COPLAND, Solicitor for the Bankrupt.  
cc23 1d  
To JAMES TRIMBLE, Esq., M.D.  
Victoria, B.C., 10th October, 1867.  
DEAR SIR,—WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, Electors of the Municipality of Victoria, B.C., having every confidence in your fitness, ability, and believing that you have the best interests of the City at heart, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination for the office of Mayor of the City at the coming election, and we hereby pledge ourselves to use our best exertions to secure your election.  
Edward Stamp  
D B King  
J Hepburn  
J S Drummond  
John White  
Thomas Harris (ex-Mayor)  
James Burns  
J Eckstein  
G J Findlay  
Guayus Sutor  
Wm Charles  
E Marks  
J C Nicholson  
Michael Wallace  
Edward R Thomas  
J Gordon Winter  
R P Wether  
A A Townsend  
Frederick Daly  
J O'Dwyer  
W Huxtable  
A Phillips  
B P Griffin  
Thomas Gordon  
James Grahamshaw  
A Fred Waddington  
G W Williams  
J McCutcheon  
J Judson Young  
Joseph Wilson  
Robt H Bissop  
Robt Plummer, Jr  
W J Callingham  
Charles Kent  
W Evans  
W Ewary  
Philip J Hall  
Thos C Nuttall  
H Waller  
D Shado  
Edward Keat  
Richard I Roberts  
T S Bushell  
Thos A Williamson  
R Macdonald  
H M Cohen  
Chas W Wallace  
J Bosworth  
G W A Lange  
R H Wilson  
Joseph Loewen  
John Weiler  
Wm Lohse  
Thos Mitchell  
J W Williams  
W P Sayward  
John C Davis, MD  
George Creighton  
Tai Song  
Wm Wilson  
George Perkins  
Gedfrey Brown  
M Moore  
William F Farron  
Edmund Thomas  
J P Davies  
G Wilson  
E B Martin  
Henry Rhodes  
L Blum  
John G Taylor  
Young & Waite  
J Wrigglesworth  
J Dickson, MD  
P Reynolds  
M I Chadwick  
A Y Robinson  
J B Burt  
George Mansell  
John Rayball  
J C Holden  
Henry Nathan, Jr  
David Lenevuo  
Thos M Tye  
J A Reynolds  
James Steel  
P Manetta  
Kwong Lee  
John Henson  
John Wilson  
Paul Medina  
F Mitchell  
Eli Harrison  
Chas Houslow  
W R Gibbon  
W P Coan  
F Campbell  
A Gilmore  
J McNe  
A T Elliott  
A Bonster  
J R Robertson

**REPLY.**

GENTLEMEN,—I HAVE THE HONOR to acknowledge receipt of your Requisition asking me to offer myself as a candidate for the office of Mayor of this city for the ensuing year.  
With the duties of my profession and other private considerations would induce me to decline this honor, yet, considering the large number of Electors who have signed this Requisition, I feel that I have no alternative but to allow myself to be put in nomination, and, if elected, will endeavor faithfully to discharge the duties of the office.  
I have the honor to remain, Gentlemen,  
Your most obedient servant,  
JAMES TRIMBLE.  
To Edward Stamp, D. Babington King, J. Hepburn, and the other signers of the above Requisition.

**To the HON. W. J. MACDONALD, Mayor of Victoria.**

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING full confidence in your integrity and ability, request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination for the office of Mayor for the coming year, and we pledge ourselves to support you and to use our influence to secure your election.  
Robert Burnaby  
Thos Russell  
John Ash  
Thos Let Stahlschmidt  
E Graham Alston  
Thos C Nuttall  
R Holfroy  
James Lowe  
Geo J Stuart  
J R Stewart  
Rook Filzlayson  
Alex Jamro  
Samd O'Leaman  
W T Lovock  
John A Andrew  
Donald Mackay  
H A Tuzo  
Wm Lyons  
A F Hickey  
Ld Lowenberg  
W F Tolmie  
Perth Macdonald  
Thos Lowe  
A J Lungey  
J Cheastley Sales  
Geo J  
F J Roche  
R Stokes  
Wm Newbury  
Thornton Washington  
Edward Wilson

**REPLY.**

GENTLEMEN,—I AM IN RECEIPT OF your Requisition asking me to allow myself to be put in nomination for the office of Mayor for the ensuing year.  
In answer to your request, I am not consulting my own feelings or wishes, as I would far rather see some person more suited to the office elected than myself. I have had the honor of serving you in a double capacity during a portion of this year, both in the Legislative and Municipal Councils, and I cannot now offer you any other guarantee for my future conduct than my services in the past. My acts may have pleased all parties; but looking back now, after calm reflection, there are none whom I would wish to see, and I have the satisfaction of knowing that I have served you honestly and faithfully.  
In coming before my fellow-citizens for re-election I am not actuated by any selfish ambition, but by a simple desire to assist in promoting the best interests of the city and making Municipal Institutions a benefit instead of a burden to the community.  
Happy to see a city, the Municipality has recovered from its former helpless condition, and in the requisition now before me I think I can see a recognition of my humble efforts in bringing about the present state of things, but any endeavors on my part would have been fruitless, indeed without the hearty co-operation and gentlemanly conduct of the present Municipal Council, and I do not think the citizens fully appreciate their services, often arduous and disagreeable. In short, I would never wish to be associated with a better or more efficient Council.  
Experience has been taken to my conduct for not being liberally in providing entertainments for the public; but I am of opinion that the present general depression under which we are all laboring does not warrant any unnecessary outlay or foolish display, and I have no doubt that at right-thinking people will agree with me, that the Mayor, wherever he may be, is giving his best to the city, and is serving it faithfully, and all that can reasonably be expected of him.  
I beg to return to you my sincere thanks for this mark of your confidence, and to assure you that I will do my utmost to serve them faithfully.  
I have the honor to be gentlemen,  
Your most obedient servant,  
W. J. MACDONALD.  
To Messrs Robt. Burnaby, Thos. Russell, And the other signers of the above Requisition.  
cc 39

**W. ZELNER, SURGEON, DENTIST.**  
ESTABLISHED IN 1858.  
Teeth extracted in a scientific manner. Teeth plugged with Gold, Platinum, Silver or Enamel. All kinds of Plate work repaired at a short notice.  
Private Office, corner Yates and Government streets, Victoria, B.C. oc21

**C. F. BARNARD, M. D.**  
Mechanical & Surgical Dentist.  
OFFICE:—Douglas street, first house on the right South of Fort street.

**ALL BRANCHES OF THE** Profession skillfully executed. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Chloroform, Ether, or "Blisters" Spray.  
Charge for the Extraction of Adult Teeth and Children's Second Teeth, without "Spray" or Chloroform, \$1 each. Charge for Fillings and other Work, reduced so as to conform to the exigency of the times.  
Plates of Silver, Gold, or Vulcanite neatly, strongly and satisfactorily repaired, whether partially broken or completely divided in two. Advice gratis.  
Victoria, V. I., B. C., Aug. 9th, 1867. ly10 1y

**Eureka Music Hall, GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.**  
WHERE DO YOU GO FOR AN EVENING'S AMUSEMENT? "STAND NOT UPON the order of going but go at once" to the Eureka Music Hall, Government street. The public are most respectfully informed that the above place of amusement is now open for visitors in a style far superior to anything hitherto presented to their notice, and nothing shall be left undone to ensure those who may patronize the house a pleasant evening's enjoyment.  
Madame Annie Quarles and Miss Marshall, the accomplished Vocalists and Pianists, will appear every Evening.  
**New Talent from San Francisco!**  
Miss Laura Wolf, Miss Maggie Williams, Miss Marian Williams, Miss M. Baker.  
MR CHAS. SMITH, Violinist and Ballad Singer.....MR N. REED, Pianist.  
Mr. Wine, Spirits, Ale, &c., of the very best description, dispensed at the Bar. Open every evening at Eight o'clock. ADMISSION FREE. oc12 1m

**New Advertisements**  
To Visitors from California, Oregon, the Sound, &c.  
AT  
**VICTORIA HOUSE,**  
CORNER OF FORT AND DOUGLAS STREETS, VICTORIA, V.I.,  
Will always be found a Large and Choice Assortment of  
Dress Goods, Mantles, Millinery, Flowers, Laces, &c  
At very Moderate Prices, and of the Latest Styles, the Goods being imported from Europe by Express Monthly.  
The usual Assortment of Staple Goods, such as:  
White & Printed Calicos, Flannels, Linens, Blankets, Ticking, &c., &c.,  
Also on Hand in Great Variety.  
Wm. DENNY, Manager: cc11

**FAMILY GROCERY**  
—AND—  
**PROVISION STORE.**

**Notice of Removal.**  
**WILLSON & RICKMAN**  
HAVE REMOVED  
From their old Stand to their  
**NEW BRICK STORE**  
Corner of Fort and Douglas streets,  
And beg leave to return their sincere thanks to the public for the very liberal patronage they have received for the past five years, and hope, by strict attention to business, and by keeping nothing but **First Class Articles**, selected from the English Market and by their buyer at San Francisco expressly for them, to merit a continuance of past favors. They would call particular attention to their **Old Government Java Coffee**, roasted and ground on the premises, and put up in parcels to suit, and to a very superior article of **Japan Tea and Family Congou Tea**.  
All orders from the Heads of Families, H.M. Navy and Merchant Shipping, and Hotel-keepers promptly attended to, and DELIVERED FREE to all parts of Town and Esquimalt. se27

**PUBLIC NOTICE.**  
**MESSRS FELL & CO.**  
Beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have taken the Store lately occupied by Messrs WILLSON & MURRAY, into which they intend to remove immediately.  
They take this opportunity of thanking their old customers for their liberal support, and to solicit that of those who have dealt with Messrs WILLSON & MURRAY, assuring them that every effort will be made (by keeping an assortment of all the choicest articles that can be obtained) to rival the best Groceries on the Pacific coast, and to prove themselves worthy of patronage.  
All Goods, whether for the Royal Navy, at Esquimalt, or any part of the City or Suburbs, will be promptly delivered FREE OF COST.  
An abundant supply of  
**FRESH EGGS AND BUTTER**  
received every week from the outlying districts.

**FELL & COMPANY,**  
Tea, Coffee and Spice Merchants and General Grocers,  
FORT STREET. oc7

**MURRAY'S BAKERY.**  
N. MURRAY,  
"THE BAKER"  
OF THE LATE FIRM OF WILSON & MURRAY, HAS LEASED THE BRICK Building (ROYAL CHARTER), FORT STREET, which he will shortly open as a Bakery. In the mean time he will carry on the business in his temporary establishment, Johnson street, and continue to supply the same kind of bread the late firm was so celebrated for.  
N.B.—CUSTOMERS SUPPLIED FROM THE CARTS AS USUAL. oc12 1m

**Eureka Music Hall, GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.**  
WHERE DO YOU GO FOR AN EVENING'S AMUSEMENT? "STAND NOT UPON the order of going but go at once" to the Eureka Music Hall, Government street. The public are most respectfully informed that the above place of amusement is now open for visitors in a style far superior to anything hitherto presented to their notice, and nothing shall be left undone to ensure those who may patronize the house a pleasant evening's enjoyment.  
Madame Annie Quarles and Miss Marshall, the accomplished Vocalists and Pianists, will appear every Evening.  
**New Talent from San Francisco!**  
Miss Laura Wolf, Miss Maggie Williams, Miss Marian Williams, Miss M. Baker.  
MR CHAS. SMITH, Violinist and Ballad Singer.....MR N. REED, Pianist.  
Mr. Wine, Spirits, Ale, &c., of the very best description, dispensed at the Bar. Open every evening at Eight o'clock. ADMISSION FREE. oc12 1m



# THE BRITISH COLONIST.

Wednesday Morning, Oct 23, 1867.

## Shipping Intelligence

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Oct 21.—Stmr New World, Winsor, Port Townsend  
Stm. Eliza Anderson, Finch, Port Townsend

Oct 21.—Stmr Otter, Lewis, Nanaimo and Burrard Inlet  
Stmr Eliza Anderson, Finch, Port Townsend  
Schm Industry, Ogilvy, Burrard Inlet

### IMPORTS.

Per stmr ELIZA ANDERSON from Puget Sound—  
100 boxes fruit, 10 tons cattle, 1 horse, 6 boxes  
wool, lot of furniture.

### CONSIGNEES.

Per stmr ELIZA ANDERSON from Puget Sound—  
James, Elford, order, Jackson.

## Wesleyan Methodist Sunday School Anniversary.

The anniversary of the foundation of the Wesleyan Methodist Sabbath School of this city, was celebrated on Monday evening. The Church building was crowded, and the exercises, which consisted of singing, recitations and dialogues, were very successful. At the close of the entertainment a collection was taken up for the benefit of the Library Fund of the School and realized a very handsome sum. From the Secretary's report it would appear that the institution is in a most flourishing state, the average attendance being ninety scholars.

### PROGRAMME.

Boys Skulking—Masters Humber, Bone, McMillan and Fox.

Behaviour in School—Misses Norris and Bullen.

Committee of Arrangements—Masters Morley, Sparrow and Barnard.

Anthem—Peace, Peace, Peace.

Emily's Faith—Miss M. A. McMillan.

Three Little Dames—Misses Norris, Gerow and Chenhall.

Punctuality—Misses Bullen, Chenhall and Andrews.

Anthem—Strike the Cymbal.

Soliloquy of a Boy—Louis Bowman.

How to be Good—Miss Williams, Masters Fox and Browning.

Another Year—Master Carter.

Honesty—Masters Barnard, Carnes and Fox.

Singing—The Evergreen Shore.

The Mourner—Misses M. A. McMillan, Fox, Bullen, Branch, Kinsman and Norris.

Collection Piece—Masters Norris, Sparrow, Macready and Morley.

The Fountain and the Still—Masters Rowbotham, Bowman and Maynard.

Why don't you Learn to Dance?—Misses Carnes and Branch.

Mr Mc—George and Charlton Fox.

Singing—Lord Hosanna.

Mischief Making—Masters Bone, Maynard and McMillan.

Willie and Robbie—Master and Miss Carnes.

The Way, the Truth, the Life—Miss Elford.

I do not use Tobacco—Fred Humber.

Good Night—Miss Bottrell.

The Valedictory—Miss Norris.

### City Council.

TUESDAY, October 22, 1867.

The Council met at 8 p.m. Present: The Mayor and Councillors Gowen, Lewis, Gibbs and Hebbard.

### COMMUNICATIONS.

From W. Bond, requesting leave to construct a small culvert on Pandora street in connection with private property, and asking for assistance in funds from the Council to do so. Referred to Street Committee.

The report of the Finance Committee on the settlement of Mr Gastineau's claim was adopted.

On motion, the clerk was instructed to apply to the Colonial Secretary for copies of the last City Incorporation Act for the use of the Council in view of the forthcoming election.

Mr Gibbs again called the attention of the Street Committee to the bad state of Menzies street. The chaingang was withdrawn from repairing the same. It was understood that the balance of \$200 voted for James' Bay Ward would be expended on the above-mentioned street.

On motion of Councillor Hebbard, \$25 was voted for the improvement of Douglas, corner of Pandora street.

Complaint was made that the sidewalk fronting Bruno's store had not been re-laid. The attention of the Council was directed to the necessity of adding the accounts by the close of the Municipal year, all accounts against the Corporation to be called in.

Council adjourned till Tuesday next, at 7 p.m.

ISLAND HOPS.—We understand that hops have been successfully grown at North Saanich by one of our farmers, who has realized a handsome return for his labor. The quality is said to surpass that of those imported, and we have no doubt that if more extensively cultivated by the farming community, enough could be grown on the island in a short time to supply the market here. There are many patches of land which might be turned to advantage in this way, and as the mode of culture is comparatively simple, we would recommend our country friends to make an experiment next year.

COMMITTED.—The master of the British Bark Aid was yesterday committed to the debtors' prison upon a complaint preferred by a mercantile firm of this city, whose goods were damaged during the recent passage of the bark from Liverpool to Victoria. It is alleged that the damage resulted from bad stowage.

AN ALLEGED ACCESSORY TO EMBEZZLEMENT.—Stephen Chase again appeared yesterday at the Police Court to answer the charge of being an accessory to the embezzlement of a lot of furs, the alleged property of Mr A. Franklin. Further evidence was produced and the case postponed for a week.

FOR NEW WESTMINSTER.—The steamer Enterprise left yesterday morning, at nine o'clock, for New Westminster, taking up fifty tons of freight, twenty passengers and a number of sheep.

CUTTING AND WOUNDING.—An Esquimaux Indian, charged with cutting and wounding another Indian with intent to commit murder, was remanded yesterday at the Police Court for two days. It is thought the injured man will not survive.

THE NEW PRAIRIE.—The Assistant Surveyor General has returned from a visit to the new prairie in Cowichan District, which he has ascertained to be about 2000 acres in extent and well watered. It lies some nine miles back of the settlement on Cowichan Bay, and may be reached by means of the Kokealis River.

PAY UP AND SECURE A VOTE.—Delinquents on the city rate lists must pay the amounts set opposite their names on or before the 31st inst., or their votes for Municipal officers will not be received.

THE CAPITAL QUESTION.—Dispatches relating to the location of the capital are expected to arrive here by next mail. It is said that even the Executive is confident Victoria will be chosen.

SHOOTING MATCH.—We understand that a shooting match has been arranged to come off between a well-known Victoria marksman and a gentleman from across the Sound. The shooting will come off on November 1st.

HORSE RACES.—Arrangements are being perfected for several interesting horse-races, over Beacon Hill, on the 9th November, Prince of Wales's birthday.

THE PAPER HUNT.—Our readers must not forget the paper hunt to-day. The start will be made from Beacon Hill at 2 o'clock precisely.

THE brig Robert Cowan will sail for Honolulu, S. I., to-day.

THE steamer Otter sailed yesterday for Nanaimo and Burrard Inlet.

## By Electric Telegraph

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST

### LAST NIGHT'S DESPATCHES

#### Europe.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—At a dinner given in Manchester yesterday to the Derby Ministry, Earl Derby defended the action of the Government on the Reform question. Lord Stanley spoke of the disturbed condition of affairs in Europe, but he still hoped peace would be preserved. He said the controversy in regard to the Alabama Claims still remained open, but England had always dealt with America in a kindly temper, and time was already soothing the public feeling on both sides of the Atlantic.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The Times asserts that the Italian Prime Minister Rattazzi has pledged to enter Rome as soon as the French arrive. The insurgents have not captured Ostia, the seaport, but Ortia a small place in the province of Viterbo. A Spanish frigate has sailed from Cadiz for Civita Vecchia.

The Fenians it is reported made an attempt last night at the police station in Chester to release their comrades confined there. The Government is taking extra precautions to guard against surprise.

It is reported that arrangements have been effected whereby rates by the Cable will be reduced 50 per cent. The reduction is to go into effect on November 15th.

#### California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—Partial returns from thirty-one (31) counties, give Sprague 735 majority over Curry, and Swett five hundred and four over Fitzgerald. There are still 19 counties to hear from, six of which gave forty six Union majority in September and 13 gave a Democratic majority of 2,290. There is a possibility of Swett's election, but not of Curry's.

### Second Despatch.

#### California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—Fuller returns of the judicial election received increase Sprague's majority over Curry, and place Fitzgerald ahead of Swett. The Southern counties yet to be heard from will increase majorities of both Democratic candidates.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—A. M. Chapple, a well-known dealer and capitalist, has committed suicide.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.—Oct. 22. Flour market quiet. Oregon extra brands in quarter sacks firmly held at \$7 75 to \$7 87. City Mills quiet. Superfine quarter sacks, \$7 50; extra do, \$8 25.

The Wheat market is tolerably quiet, in consequence of the absence of available tonnage for grain. Holders demanding \$2 25 to \$2 65 per 100 lbs.

Barley is quiet \$1 70 to \$1 80 for good feed and brewing, and \$1 85 to \$1 95 for old crops.

Eastern line still down.

#### Oregon.

PORTLAND, Oct. 22.—The steamer Oriflamme is aground at Moody Island, her passengers and freight will be brought to Portland by the O. S. N. Company's steamer.

## DELAYED DESPATCHES.

### Eastern States.

NEW YORK, Oct. 12.—The Herald's Richmond special says the greatest excitement since secession in Virginia, now prevails over the recent northern elections. It is confidently expected that while the current of reconstruction will not be changed, many assert that the conservatives will carry the Convention in the election on the 22d inst. The negroes are denouncing Sumner as the author of all their misfortunes, by his extreme ultra doctrines.

Prim, the Spanish revolutionist, arrived incognito on the steamer Periere.

A Times' special says Col. Gilbert, tried by Court Martial for suppressing newspapers in Arkansas, and justifying himself on the ground that the military are masters of the Southern people, has been sentenced to pay a fine of five thousand dollars, and be reduced to the rank of Captain.

BUFFALO, Oct. 7.—Council refused to invite Sheridan to visit the city. The Mayor has called a public meeting of the citizens to extend the hospitalities.

The Times' special says: The evening administration organ announces that a meeting for the ratification of the nomination of Johnson for President and Sherman for Vice President was postponed to November 18th.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—Dispatches from Fort Larned announces the arrival of the Indian Commissioners, who proceed directly to Medicine Lodge Creek.

By late advices from Montana, Captain Hughes and two companies of mounted militia have turned highwaymen and are committing depredations on the road between Montana and Colorado, and one thousand dollars is offered as a reward for the capture of Hughes.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—It is believed that the plates for the counterfeit bonds were engraved in England. About \$70,000 of them were redeemed at the Treasury before the character of the bonds were discovered. There is said to be a fair prospect of the capture of the counterfeiters.

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING at J. H. TURNER & CO'S New Store, Corner Yates and Langley streets, between Wells, Farg's Express and the Bank of British North America. Their New Corner Store is stocked with new and well selected Custom-made Clothing, Hats, Caps and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods. Their stock and prices will benefit all. Greenbacks taken at San Francisco current rates at their new Store, 1st fl.

LONDON HOUSE.—J. H. Turner & Co have received fine Cloths, consisting of Bayers, West of England Broad and Doebies, Tweeds, Wools, Kerseys, etc., and a full assortment of Hosiery of the best make of Balmorlan, together with a large stock of new goods for Fall and Winter Trade.

If you wish the very best CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS, you must call on BRADLEY & ROBINSON, 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

FRED PAYNE has removed his Cheap Shaving Shop to the opposite side of Jones street, just above the Miner's Saloon.

TAKE AYER'S SARSAPARILLA to purify the blood and purge out the humors, pimples, boils and sores which are merely symptoms of the rottenness within.

### THE PEOPLE'S FRIEND.

#### PERRY DAVIS'

#### VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER.

The Greatest Family Medicine of the age. Taken internally, it cures sudden colds, coughs, etc., weak stomach, general debility, nervous sore mouth, croup, liver complaint, dyspepsia or indigestion, cramp and pain in the stomach, bowel complaint, painter's colic, Asiatic cholera, diarrhoea and dysentery. APPLIED EXTERNALLY, cures felons, boils and old sores, scalds and scuffs, cuts, bruises and sprains, swollen joints, ringworm and tetter, broken breasts, frost-bite and chilblains, toothache, pain in the face, neuralgia and rheumatism. IT IS A PURE REMEDY FOR AGUE AND CHILLS AND FEVER.

WHY ARE BRISTOL'S SUGAR-COATED PILLS A POPULAR MEDICINE?—Because they relieve the bowels, tone the stomach, regulate the liver, and promote the general vigor of the system, without causing pain. Because their action is not followed by increased constipation, and the necessity for larger doses. Because they are a safe cathartic for the weakest, as well as active enough to relax the constipated passages in the strongest. Because they create an appetite and revive the morbid energy. Because they never produce nausea, but act like a healing balm on the irritated membranes of the stomach and intestines. Because no mineral ingredient pollutes the pure vegetable, antiseptic, and aperient substances of which they are composed. Because they act in harmony with nature, and without violence. Because no human being who ever used them has been disappointed in the effects. And, finally, because they are a family medicine, for which there is no substitute. They are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. In all cases arising from, or aggravated by impure blood, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA should be used in connection with the Pills.

DANGEROUS SUPPLANTION.—Extensive abscesses are dangerous; but many of the methods of cure are more dangerous than the malady. They must not be suppressed by external applications. BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA the most harmless of all purgatives, yet the most irresistible, soon purges from the system the poison which generates the disease. It is the same with carbuncle, which is an exaggerated and virulent species of boil, and generally denotes a weakened constitution. BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, the great vegetable tonic and detergent, in the long time needed in carbuncular as in all other venereal disorders. BRISTOL'S VEGETABLE PILLS used at same time in moderate doses, will tend to allay feverish symptoms, and will carry off through the bowels the morbid matter set free by the SARSAPARILLA thus facilitating and hastening a complete cure.

A PERPETUAL DELIGHT.—"Flowers have their time to fade," says a favorite poet; but in MURRAY AND LAMMAN'S FLORIDA WATER their sweetness is permanent. Hence they act in harmony with nature, and without violence. Because no human being who ever used them has been disappointed in the effects. And, finally, because they are a family medicine, for which there is no substitute. They are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. In all cases arising from, or aggravated by impure blood, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA should be used in connection with the Pills.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Preventible Placars.—Many are the malady which slowly but surely their way into the human system through miasma, noxious vapours and dehydrated air, which could all be dispensed by a few doses of these admirable PILLS. The vitiated gases enter the lungs as we breathe, and there contaminate the blood, which will convey the poisonous particles throughout the body, unless some purifier, such as these pills, be taken to cleanse it. Holloway's Pills expel all harmful matters from the circulation, and cleanse the solids, likewise, from all treacherous impurities. Is not the whoe body formed from the blood, and the blood only? How necessary, then, does it become to all who value health to employ occasionally some means of purification.

THE best Remedy for Purifying the Blood, strengthening the Nerves, restoring the Lost Appetite, FRESHENING THE HAIR, and TEA.

It is the best preservative against almost any sickness, used timely. Composed of herbs only, it can be given safely to infants. Full directions in English, French, Spanish, and German, with every package. TRY IT!

For sale at the wholesale and retail drug stores and groceries.

### Auction Sales.

#### Preliminary Advertisement.

P. M. BACKUS will sell on the premises, Fort street, the ENTIRE STOCK of Messrs KENT & EVANS, consisting of Agricultural Implements, Spades, Shovels, Carpenter's Tools, Picks, and a General Assortment of Hardware, by Catalogue, within 15 days.

Particulars hereafter. oc23

### LONDON HOUSE,

Government Street, }  
October 6, 1867.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED

a splendid stock of Goods for the

FALL & WINTER TRADE,

Comprising all the

#### LATEST STYLES

—IN—

DRESS GOODS,

SKIRTS,

SHAWLS,

MANTLES,

MILLINERY,

TRIMMINGS,

LACE GOODS,

UNDERCLOTHING,

BABY LINEN,

CLOTHS,

FANCY GOODS.

The very best makes of  
Flannels, Calicoes, Sheet-  
ings, Linens, Hosiery,  
Gloves and General Drap-  
ery Goods.

J. H. Turner & Co.,  
VICTORIA.

J. P. TURNER & CO., }  
London. oc3

### OYSTERS!

#### AT THE

### BEE HIVE HOTEL,

Fort Street.

oc20 1m2p

### OYSTERS!

### LONDON MARKET

### Reynolds & Botterell,

Corner Yates & Douglas Streets.

### ISLAND FED MEAT

Of the Finest Description, from their own Ranch.

Families and Shipping Orders promptly attended to.

Contracts entered into for the supply of Bacon & H. M. Ships on favorable terms, and delivered carriage free.

THOMAS HARRIS. JOHN MURRAY

VICTORIA.

GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS,  
Butchers & General Dealers  
in Meats & Vegetables.

SUPERIOR ISLAND FED MEAT ALWAYS  
ON HAND.

#### NAVY MESSES.

FAMILIES, HOTELS and SHIPPING supplied upon short notice with the best of Meats, on reasonable terms. All Goods delivered free of charge.

July 1, 1867. oc1 2p

#### CHALLENGE.

HAVING BEEN ABSENT IN CARIBOO during the late match between the Victoria and New Westminster Rifle Volunteers, and hearing that the former did not bring forward their best shots on that occasion, in order to give them an opportunity, I hereby challenge any man on Vancouver Island to shoot the same ranges as were shot upon that occasion, at the same basis for the sum of  
TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS  
and to be shot with Lancaster or Enfield Rifles. This challenge will remain open for thirty days.  
J. T. SOUTER.  
New Westminster, October 18th, 1867. oc21

### Auction Sales.

## AUCTION

### TRADE SALE

OF

## Dry Goods,

AND

## Clothing

Tuesday, Oct. 29th,

J. A. M'CREA

WILL SELL

AT SALESROOM

Wharf street,

AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF  
Dry Goods and Clothing,

— doz Crimean Shirts  
— cs Shirting  
— bales Blue Serge Shirts  
— bales Grey Blankets  
— pcs Fancy Doe and Tweed Trows-  
— ings  
— pcs Black Broad Cloth  
— pcs Black and Brown Witney  
— Cloth  
— pcs Tweed Cloaking  
— pcs Melton Cloaking  
— bales Scarlet and Blue Coarse Cloth  
— suitable for Indian Trade  
— bales White and Scarlet Blankets

ALSO?

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF  
Gardiner's Clothing

EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET,

Consisting of

Pants, Vests, Suits, Inverness Capes,  
Serge Drawers, &c.

ALSO

A Lot Mens Heavy Pilot Jackets  
Ladies' Felt Hats, Woollen Gloves  
Kid Gloves, assorted colors  
— pcs Check Winseys and Tartan  
— Plaid

### Boots and Shoes.

— doz pr Men's Lace Boots  
— doz pr Men's Calf Boots, elastic side  
— doz pr Men's Patent Leather Boots  
Ladies' Kid and Lace Boots

ALSO

A Quantity of Gunpowder in 11b Can-  
— nisters

### Carpets.

— pcs Carpeting and Ruggets

TERMS AT SALE. oc21

## The Shades, THEATRE SALOON.

MESSRS HUSHER & MORDAUNT,  
the well-known proprietors of the Blue Bird, take  
pleasure to inform their friends and the public generally  
that they have leased from the enterprising Messrs F. H.  
the Theatre Saloon adjoining which they have fitted up  
in suitable style, furnished the tables with refreshments,  
and the Bar with refreshing and stimulating beverages,  
together with luxurious "Night Gigs" for those who  
may desire to indulge in them.

Oysters! Oysters!

AT THE

"ADELPHI" SALOON,

CORNER OF GOVERNMENT

and Yates streets, under the superintendence of  
Gustavus, will be opened THIS EVENING,

October 1st.

Fresh supplies of the very choicest Olympia and Island  
Oysters received by every conveyance, and served in the  
best style.

Welch Rarebits, Pies, Cakes, &c., also to be had  
at the above saloon, which has been recently refitted and  
neatly decorated.

WEST HUSON,  
Proprietor.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

A. W. PIPER,

Government Street,

Takes great pleasure to announce that he will have with  
every steamer a regular supply of</



### Insurance.

**Northern Assurance Co.**  
FOR  
**FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE.**  
—  
ESTABLISHED 1836  
—  
INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT  
**CAPITAL, \$10,600,000,**  
Fully subscribed by upwards of 700 Shareholders, whose  
personal liability is UNLIMITED.  
—  
**INVESTED FUNDS, \$3,000,000.**  
—  
**FIRE DEPARTMENT.**  
This Company grant Insurances against Fire on every

description of property,  
LIFE DEPARTMENT  
This Institution accepts proposals at the rates of premium applicable to Foreign, which on examination will be found more advantageous than those charged by other Offices having Agencies here. It utilizes all the advantages of Mutual Association with the security of a Proprietary Company. The Participation Branch is conducted by the Proprietors of the Company for a charge of 10 per cent. on the premiums, without any other deduction whatever. Thus the assured enjoy the profit without the LIABILITY of the Mutual System.  
The participation in profits has been most liberal since the commencement of business. In consequence, a prospective bonus of nearly 1½ per cent. is allotted  
JANION, GREEN & RHODES,  
oc18 -3m AGENTS,  
Phenix Fire Assurance  
COMPANY.  
LOMBARD STREET AND CHARING CROSS  
LONDON.  
Established 1782

**For Insuring every kind of Property  
in all parts of the World from  
Loss or Damage by Fire.**

**TEMPEROMITTENT AND LIBERALITY WITH WHICH**  
 its engagements are always met by this Company are  
 well known, and the importance of its relations with the  
 public is fully designated from the fact that since its es-  
 tablishment, it has paid more than Eight Millions Sterling  
 in discharge of claims for losses by Fire.

The security offered to the public by the Phoenix Office  
 is unlimited, comprising in addition to the large invested  
 capital of the Company the whole fortunes of numerous  
 proprietors, composed of some of the most opulent  
 merchants and others in the United Kingdom, and  
 annual and short time Insurances are effected upon all kinds  
 of property in Vancouver Island and British Columbia  
 on the most favorable terms.

Respectful Particulars of Insurance may be had on ap-  
 plication to

**THOS. C. NUTTALL, Agent,  
 10, West Street.**

50-1-3m  
**ROYAL INSURANCE  
 COMPANY.**  
**FIRE AND LIFE.**  
 CAPITAL.....TEN MILLION DOLLARS  
 RESERVE TO MEET LOSSES  
 FIVE MILLION DOLLARS!  
 CHARLES TURNER, Esq., M. P. CHAIRMAN, PERCY M.  
 DOVE, Manager.  
 THIS COMPANY HAS NOW THE LARGEST  
 Income for Fire and Life Premiums of any Company  
 in the world.  
 The undersigned, Agents for Vancouver Island and  
 British Columbia, return their just ever thanks to the  
 public for their patronage of the Royal since the opening  
 of the agency, and also to the Victoria Fire Companies for  
 their valuable services.  
**The Fire Branch**  
 Of this Agency in 1864, was nearly double that of 1863-  
 the risks in Victoria alone amounted to \$1,100,000.  
 The business of the  
**Life Branch.**  
 Has also largely increased since the Directors reduced th

rate to the English Standard.

**SPROAT & CO.**  
Store street.  
Agents for Vancouver Island and British Columbia  
oct 1

---

**The British and Foreign**  
**MARINE**  
**INSURANCE COMPANY**  
**LIMITED.**

---

**Capital, One Million Pounds Sterling**

---

**DIRECTORS IN LIVERPOOL AND LONDON:**  
THOMAS CHILTON, Chairman,  
A. BERN and H. T. WILSON, Deputy Chairmen.

---

Francis C. Braun, Francis A. Cunt,	Andrew Maccomson, Robert Maxwell,
---------------------------------------	--------------------------------------

Charles B. Rochester,  
 Wm James Ferris,  
 Arthur B. Forward,  
 P. G. Heyworth,  
 Thomas J. Harrison,  
 Thomas Keddall,  
 Edward Lawrence,  
 George Lyaill,  
 George M. Papayanni,  
 John Park,  
 Charles K. Prioleau,  
 John Ravenscroft,  
 John Warneight,  
 Samuel Stott,  
 Thomas Stenhouse,  
 T. Wilkinson Tootley.

**LIVERPOOL:**  
 Manager and Underwriter, - Robert N. Dale  
 Secretary, Walter D. Pitt.  
 OFFICES, MANCHESTER BUILDINGS,  
 LONDON OFFICES, 25 CORNHILL.

Marine Insurances effected to all parts of the World.  
 When required Losses may be made payable at San  
 Francisco, Hongkong, Shanghai, Melbourne, Sydney, &c.  
 &c.

**JANION, GREEN & RHODES,**  
 Agents.

1y26 3m

**INSURANCE AGENCY**

MARINE—Pacific Insurance Company, San Francisco.

FIRE—Imperial Insurance Company, London.

LIFE—City of Glasgow Assurance Company, Glasgow.

For Rates of Premium, apply to  
J. ROBERTSON STEWART,  
Wharf street, Victoria, B. C., 1867. Agent.  
and d & w

---

**Marine Insurance.**

---

**THE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY**  
of San Francisco.

---

**INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY, CAPITAL**  
Stock, \$750,000.

Forinsuring Merchandise, Treasure, Commissions, Profit  
&c. For information, rates of Premium &c.  
Apply to LOWE BROTHERS,  
ocel if Agents, Wharf street

---

FOR SALE AT THE  
GAS WORKS,  
AT  
50 Cents per Barrel.  
oc7

---

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED Daily by  
Higgins, Long & Co., at their Office  
Government Street, Victoria.